



mais língua
concept

Mais Língua Online

Level 4

Exercise book

Exercises – Classes 1 & 2 ☺

1. Complete the questions with words from the box:

do	did	are	have	house	apartment	do	What
go	Where	speak	listen	play	watch	were	work

- Where_____ you from?
- Where _____ you born?
- Where do you_____?
- Do you _____ any brothers or sisters?
- Do you live in a _____ or in an_____?
- _____ do you study? English?
- What do you_____? Work, study or both?
- What university do you _____ to?
- _____do you work? Is it near your house?
- Can you _____ any other languages?
- What kind of music do you _____to?
- Do you _____ any musical instrument?
- What TV programs or Youtube channels do you usually _____?
- Do you _____ any sports?
- What _____ you do last weekend?

2. Answer the questions from exercise 1 about you:

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____



12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____

3. Put the word or phrase in the right place in the question:

Example: How are you? (old) How **old** are you?

1. Where do you from? (**come**) _____
2. How often you read magazines? (**do**) _____
3. Do you often to the cinema? (**go**) _____
4. How do you your last name? (**spell**) _____
5. What time your friends arrive last night? (**did**) _____
6. Where were born? (**you**) _____

4. In class 2 you listen to Teacher Laís filling in a form. Now, it's your turn. Fill in this form with your personal information:

Mais Língua Enrollment Form	
Please fill in this form in BLOCK CAPITALS	
Title	
First Name	
Last Name/ Surname	
Address	
Postcode	
Telephone number	
E-mail address	
Date of birth	
Nationality	

Listening activity:

5. Listen to the conversation from class 2 and fill in the blanks with the questions from the box:

What's your address, Mr Smiths?

Do you know your postcode?

Can I help you?

can I take your name please?

Do you have an e-mail address?

And are you Brazilian?

Laís: 1 _____**André:** Can I register as a student here, please?**Laís:** Of course! Well, I'll need to put some of your details on the computer. One moment. Here we are - right, 2 _____**André:** André Smiths.**Laís:** André, OK. And is that S-M-I-T-S?**André:** No, S-M-I-T-H-S.**Laís:** S-M-I-T-H-S. OK, that's fine. 3 _____**André:** 94, Hill Street – London.**Laís:** Sorry! Is that 84 or 94?**André:** 9-4.**Laís:** Can you spell "Hill", please?**André:** H-I-L-L.**Laís:** 4 _____**André:** Yes, I do. It's NW8 9LD.**Laís:** NW8 9LD. OK. Thanks!**André:** No problem.**Laís:** Can I have your contact telephone number, please?**André:** My mobile number is 07781 677688.**Laís:** 07781, and sorry what was after that?**André:** 677688**Laís:** 07781 677688. OK. We're almost done!**André:** OK, sure.**Laís:** 5 _____**André:** Yes, I do. It's smiths_life@gmail.com.**Laís:** Smiths, like your last name?**André:** Yes, it is. And life as the word. It's my office's name.**Laís:** Okay, thank you! Can I take your date of birth?**André:** Yes, it's the 8th of September, 1985.**Laís:** The eighth of September 1985.**André:** That's right!**Laís:** Thanks a lot! 6 _____**André:** No, I'm not. I'm from Portugal. I'm Portuguese.**Laís:** Okay! thank you, Mr Smiths. That's all I need. I'll print out your registration documents now.

Exercises – Classes 3 & 4 ☺

1. Write sentences and questions with **WILL/WON'T**. Use contractions where possible.

(-) negative (+) affirmative (?) interrogative

Example: the meeting/ be long (?) Will the meeting be long?
 I think he/ get the job! (+) I think he'll get the job!

- A. it/ be easy to pass the exam. (-) _____
- B. I think they/ lose this match. (+) _____
- C. I guess she/ get the job. She's not qualified!(-) _____
- D. I think my mom/ love this present!(+) _____
- E. You/ like this book! (-) _____
- F. You/ see him at work later (?) _____

2. Complete with **WILL + a verb from the box**.

PASS LIKE ~~RAIN~~ SNOW BE

Example:

WILL it RAIN this Saturday?

No, I think it won't.

- A. Do you like this band?
- B. Yes, I think they _____ famous one day!

- A. Is this a good film?
- B. Yes, I'm sure you _____ it!

- A. I'm so worried about the exam!
- B. Don't panic! I'm sure you _____! You studied hard!

- A. Do you think it _____ this month?
- B. No, it's not cold enough!

3. Read the situations below. Write a sentence using the verb given. Follow the example:

Example: You are in a restaurant.

Waiter: Hi, would you like something to drink?

You: **(HAVE)** Yes, please. I'll **have** some water.

1. You are in a night club.

Friend: Hi, shall we drink something?

You: **(HAVE)** _____

2. You are at home studying for a test.

Your brother: I have a Math test tomorrow! I don't know the topic!

You: **(HELP)** _____

3. You are talking to your best friend.

Best friend: I have something very important to tell you, but it's a secret!!!

You: **(KEEP)** _____

4. You've just arrived at a hotel and you see an old lady carrying a heavy bag.

Old lady: Oh, these bags are so heavy!

You: **(CARRY)** _____

5. Your sister is pregnant and she needs to go to the hospital.

Your sister: Oh, I'm feeling a little bit sick. I need to go to the hospital now!

You: **(GO)** _____

Exercises – Classes 5 & 6 ☺

1. Listening Activity: Listen to the conversation from class 6 and fill in the blanks with verbs from the box:

travel	study	stay	look	coming	visit
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Immigration officer: Hello, welcome. What's your name?

Interviewed: Hello! My name is Laís Viana.

Immigration officer: Laís. How old are you Laís?

Interviewed: I am 29 years old.

Immigration officer: 29. What is your profession?

Interviewed: I am an architect.

Immigration officer: An architect. And why are you 1 _____ to Canada?

Interviewed: Because I'm going to 2 _____ English there.

Immigration officer: Study English, interesting. How long are you going to stay in Canada?

Interviewed: I'm going to stay for 5 months.

Immigration officer: That's nice. And who is going to 3 _____ with you?

Interviewed: My family.

Immigration officer: Your family?!

Interviewed: Yes. My husband and my son.

Immigration officer: Are they going to study English, too?

Interviewed: No, they are just gonna 4 _____ the country

Immigration officer: I see. Where are you going to stay in Canada?

Interviewed: We're going to stay in an apartment. Here is the address.

Immigration officer: Okay, it's fine. So, where are you going to study in Toronto?

Interviewed: I'm going to study in a language school called "Mais Língua Toronto"

Immigration officer: Alright, nice. Are you going to 5 _____ for a job in this time?

Interviewed: No, I'm just gonna study. I'm not going to work there.

Immigration officer: Not going to work. And how are you going to return to your country?

Interviewed: We are going to 6 _____ by plane. Here I have the plane tickets.

Immigration officer: Okay, I see them. That's fine. Thank you, madam. I hope you have a nice day.

Interviewed: Thank you very much.

Immigration officer: Bye bye.



2. Answer questions 1-7 according to the immigration/visa conversation above:

1. Where is the woman traveling to?

2. Why is she going to Canada?

3. Who is going with her?

4. Is she going to stay in a hotel?

5. Where's she going to study there?

6. Is she going to travel with her friends?

7. How long is she going to stay there?

3. Write the sentences below using BE GOING TO in the affirmative (+), negative (-) or interrogative form (?):

- a) I/ travel to Europe/ next year. (+) _____
- b) My mom/ study/ Chinese/ with me. (-)_____
- c) he/ be our colleague / at Mais Língua (?) _____
- d) We/ visit/ the Disneyland/ next month. (+)_____
- e) I/ buy/ a new car/ this year. (-) _____

4. Answer the questions below about YOU:

a) Are you going to travel abroad next year?

b) Is your family going to visit the beach this year?

c) Are you going to visit the countryside this weekend?

d) Is your best friend going to study English with you?

e) What are you going to do this weekend? Write about your plans!

Exercises – Classes 7 & 8 ☺

1. **READING:** Read the horoscopes for this month. Then, answer the questions 1-5:

Horoscopes



AQUARIUS Jan 21–Feb 19

You'll be lucky in love this month! You'll meet someone new at work, which will be the start of something special. The colour red will bring you good fortune.



PISCES Feb 20–Mar 20

Close family will be important this month. Try to spend more time with them and they'll be very glad to see you. The colour green will bring you luck with money.



ARIES Mar 21–Apr 20

You'll have to be very careful with money this month, and avoid buying any clothes. However, you'll get a nice surprise at the end of the month. The colour blue will bring you luck.



TAURUS Apr 21–May 21

You'll have a very busy social life this month! Your friends will be taking you out all the time, and you'll make many new ones too. Orange will be your lucky colour.



GEMINI May 22–June 21

You won't have a very good month at work. Your boss will give you some bad news, but don't worry: you won't be unemployed. Work hard and next month will be better. Purple will be your lucky colour.



CANCER June 22–July 23

This will be a great month for going away! You'll win a holiday, so have your passport ready. You'll also travel a lot in your own country and you'll visit some old friends. Yellow will be your lucky colour.

1. Who will do a lot of traveling this month? Cancer

2. Who will meet someone at work? _____

3. Who will have problems at work? _____

4. Whose lucky colour will be red? _____

5. Who will spend more time with family? _____

2. WRITING: What about you? Answer the questions below about you:

a) Do you read the horoscopes? How often? _____

b) Do you believe it? Why? _____

c) If your sign is not listed in exercise 1, find it on

<https://www.horoscope.com/us/index.aspx> and write one prediction about your sign.

Read their predictions and write using your own words. Use WILL or WON'T.

3. GRAMMAR: Be going to x WILL. Choose the correct answer a or b.

1. Will you lend me \$100? I promise _____ back to you tomorrow.

a) I'm going to give

b) I'll give it

2. _____ have a barbecue tomorrow. It's all planned, so I hope it won't rain.

a) We're going to have

b) We'll

3. You _____ that film. It's very frightening and I know you don't like horror movies! Let's choose another one.

a) aren't going to like

b) won't like

4. Look! The sky is so dark! I think it _____.

a) will rain

b) is going to rain

4. Check the correct verb form. Sometimes both forms are possible.

1. A: Why are you looking so worried?

B: I'm sure (**x**) **I'm going** / (☐) **I'll get** to get lost in the city!

2. A: Do you have plans for the weekend?

B: Yes, (☐) **I'm going to visit** / (☐) **I'm visiting** my parents.

3. A: Your girlfriend drives too fast!

B: I know! I'm sure (☐) **she's going to have** / (☐) **she's having** one accident one day!

4. A: I have something very important to tell you, but you can't tell anyone!

B: Don't worry! (☐) **I won't tell** / (☐) **I'm not telling** anyone!

5. LISTENING: Download and listen to the audio file **Breaking News about Future** and order the sentences according to it:

(☐) Our home health system will tell us about our health problems.

(☐) There are many tall buildings and underwater cities.

(☐) People made predictions about the future.

(☐) Experts said the way we live, work and play will be very different.

(1) A new report describes life in 2116.

(☐) They said that 25 years ago, people could not imagine how the Internet would change our lives.

(☐) No one predicted if people will need to study English.

(☐) The changes in 2116 will be more unbelievable.

(☐) We will work at home and have online meetings.

(☐) We will download ideas for furniture or food and then 'print' it on our 3D printer.

(☐) We will also take holidays in space.

6. Do you believe any of the predictions mentioned in the news? Which ones?

Exercises – Classes 9 & 10 ☺
1. Write the sentences in the Present Perfect.

- a) I/ arrive/ home/ just now. _____ I've arrived home just now. _____
- b) My mom/ go/ to NY. _____
- c) My colleagues at Mais Língua/ do/ all homework. _____
- d) I/ not/ see/ Teacher Ale. _____
- e) My brother/ lose/ his passport. _____
- f) you/ see/ any of the teachers? _____
- g) I/ finish/ my exercises/ now. _____

2. Write a sentence in the Present Perfect for each picture. Use the verbs in parenthesis.

Follow the model:


Model: They've won the World Cup. (win)

1. He _____ his leg. (break)
2. They _____ to the beach. (go)
3. He _____ off his motorbike. (fall)
4. She _____ the newspaper. (read)
5. They _____ a new car. (buy)

3. Order the words to make sentences. Follow the model:

Model: *his son/ He / seen / for years./ hasn't*

He hasn't seen his son for years. _____

a) has/ home/ Teacher André /gone

b) today./ I /seen /him /haven't

c) been?/ How/ you /have

d) new/ My mom/ bought/ a car. /has

Exercises – Classes 11 & 12 ☺

PRESENT PERFECT (HAVE/HAS + VERB IN THE PAST PARTICIPLE)

INFINITIVE

GO

PAST SIMPLE

WENT

PAST PARTICIPLE

GONE

A. Write questions using '**HOW LONG**'. Follow the example:

Example: You / be / a teacher

How long **have** you **been** a teacher?

1. He / have /his car

2. You / be /married

3. She / study /English at Mais Lingua

4. Your parents / be /married

5. You / live/ in the USA

6. They / play / football professionally

7. John / work /there

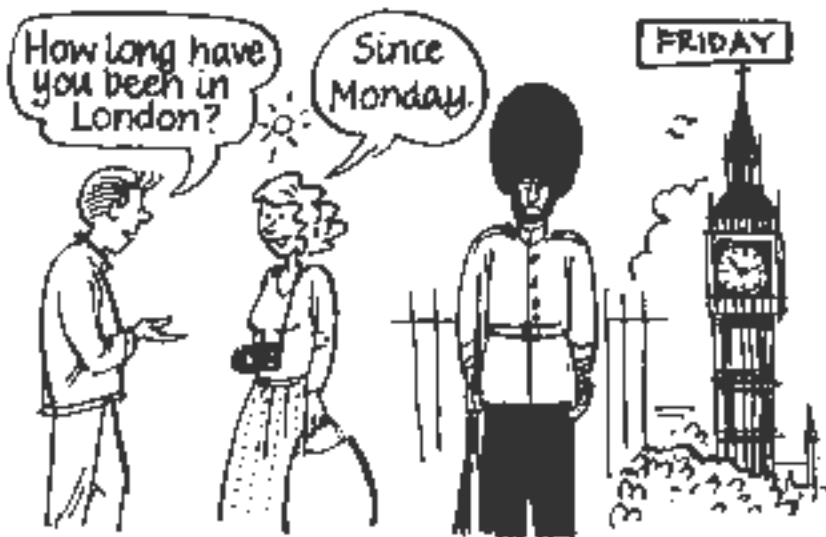
8. Debby and Susy / know /each other

B. Write *SINCE* or *FOR*.

1. It **has rained** _____ lunchtime.
2. Paul **has lived** in London _____ only two months.
3. Barbara **has been** married _____ eight years.
4. We **have studied** this lesson _____ last week.
5. Clara **has driven** her new car _____ last month.
6. We **haven't met** _____ high school.
7. She **hasn't won** _____ 2010.
8. Patricia **has had** her dogs _____ she was a little girl.

C. Translate the sentences from exercise B into Portuguese.

1. *Tem chovido desde o almoço.* _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____



Exercises – Classes 13 & 14 ☺

A. Make questions with 'EVER'.

0. (You / visit / Disney World)
Have you **ever** visited Disney World?

1. (your best friend /ride / a horse)

2. (you / see / a ghost)

3. (you / watch / Matrix)

4. (you and your classmates / listen to / The Dark Side of the Moon album)

5. (your friends / sleep / in your house)

6. (you / attend / a football match at the Stadium)

B. Answer three questions from exercise A (1- 6) ABOUT YOU:

() _____

() _____

() _____

C. Complete B's sentences with *Present Perfect Simple* + **ALREADY**, **NEVER** or **YET**.

Example: A – Would you like something to eat?

B – No, thanks. I've **already** **eaten** a sandwich.

(I / **already** / **eat** a sandwich)

1. A – Do you know where Julia is?

B – No, _____

(I / **not** / **see** / her / **yet**)

2. A – Are your friends already here?

B- No, _____

(they / **not** / **arrive** / **yet**)

3. A – Have you finished your homework?

B – Sure, _____

(I / **already** / **do** / it)

4. A – What does he think about the new teacher?

B – I don't know, _____

(He / **never** / **meet** / her)

5. A – Let's watch the Matrix?

B – Great idea, _____

(I / **never** / **watch** / this film)

6. How about visiting the new exhibition at the art gallery?

B – Oh, that's nice, but _____

(I / **already** / **be** / there)

3. **ABOUT YOU:** Answer the questions about you. Use the Present Perfect Simple.



A. **Have** you **ever been** to the USA?

B. **Have** you **ever met** somebody famous?

C. **Has** he **ever watched** 'Matrix'?

D. **Have** you **ever drunk** "chimarrão"?

Exercises – Classes 15 & 16 ☺

Never leave the country with no passport

Last month, my family and I **decided** to visit Uruguay, which is about 10 hours driving from our city. We **started** our road trip at about 6 am. One of our plans **was** to arrive in *Jaguarão*, a border city, near midday to have lunch. Then, we **wanted** to visit some outlets before travelling again.

The trip **was** really fun, because the weather **was** good, and also because Augusto, our baby son, **was travelling** happily. When we **arrived** in *Jaguarão* we **saw** the city **was** really crowded. While we **were eating** a “pancho”, a typical Uruguayan hot-dog, Augusto **was sleeping**. So, we **used** our time to plan the things we would do when we **arrived** in Montevideo, our destination.

Before crossing the border, we **had** to stop at the customs to show our documents and get the permission to enter the country. We **were showing** our documents when Augusto **woke up** and **started** to cry. What a moment! We **thought** it was going to be a quick stop and soon we would be travelling again. However, when we **gave** the police officer all our documents, she **told** us that she **couldn't** let us enter because we **had** only Augusto birth certificate, and not his passport or ID. I **could** not believe it!

We **didn't know** that they **didn't accept** birth certificates of babies for entering their country! Unfortunately, we **couldn't** go to *Montevideo*. So, we **decided** to drive back home and, on the way, back we **found** a nice apartment to rent in a city called *São Lourenço do Sul*. Finally, we **could** rent this apartment and **stayed** there for 3 beautiful days. It **was** a nice trip, but it **was** not what we were expecting to do! We really **wanted** to visit *Montevideo*!

Although we really **wanted** to visit Uruguay, there's always a good side in everything: we only **had** to travel 7 hours, and not 10! ☺ Next time, we won't forget to carry with us our passports! All of them!

READING COMPREHENSION

1. Answer the questions below about the text “Never leave the country with no passport”.

- a) What time did they start the trip? _____
- b) How long was the trip from their city to Uruguay? _____
- c) Did they go to Montevideo? Why? _____

- d) What happened when they were showing their documents to the officer? _____

- e) What were they eating while Augusto was sleeping? _____

2. Write down the past form of the verbs below and their past participle. The past form can be found in the text. You can also use a dictionary to check the forms. **There is one example for you:**

✓ Online dictionary suggestion: <https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/>

INFINITIVE	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
arrive		
be	was/were	been
decide		
find		
give		
have		
see		
start		
stay		
tell		
think		
use		
wake up		
want		

3. Complete the sentences with the most suitable connector from the box below:

AND ALTHOUGH BUT THAT'S WHY BECAUSE

- It was a nice trip, _____ the weather wasn't so good.
- _____ the weather wasn't so good, it was a nice trip.
- I want to visit Uruguay _____ Argentina too.
- I want to visit Argentina again _____ I really love Buenos Aires.
- I love Buenos Aires. _____ I want to visit Argentina again!

4. Complete the sentences with the verb in the past continuous form:

- I **was having a shower**, that's why I didn't answer the phone. **(have a shower)**
- My parents _____ for me at the airport when I arrived. **(wait)**
- The sun _____ when I left work. **(shine)**
- We _____ TV when you appeared. **(not watch)**
- My husband _____ in the garden when I took this photo. **(work)**

5. Read the paragraph about Teacher Laís's favourite photo. Then, write about your favourite photo and include:

- ✓ What's your favourite photo?
- ✓ What was happening when you took the photo?
- ✓ Why do you like it?
- ✓ Who took the photo? When was it?



One of my favourite photos is this of me and my son Augusto.

My husband took this photo in June this year, when we were in a beautiful city called Gramado at the hotel.

We were playing at the playground when I decided to lay down on the floor because I was a bit tired. I found a cushion and invited Guto to come

and “take a nap” with me. He was playing with some toys when he saw me on the floor and came running. He said “mimi mamae” which means “sleep with mommy” in Portuguese. Luckily my husband was with his camera and could take this lovely picture of our moment. I love this photo because it shows a bit of our love through our eyes. We were playing and having fun, very happy together! I can remember every minute of this day!

This photo has been the screensaver of my mobile since June. It's very special to me!

Exercises – Classes 17 & 18 ☺

READING

This text gives advice for visitors to China on giving gifts. Let's read it?

Gift-giving

1 It's polite to bring a small gift of fruit, candy, or cakes when visiting friends. We always bring an even number; this is a sign of happiness and good luck. The host sometimes returns some of your gift. For example, if you bring a bag of oranges, he or she can give you two or three oranges to you as you leave. This is to return some of the good luck.

2 We accept a gift and should say "Oh, no. You shouldn't...no need." The person who gives the present should say "I'm pleased that you accept it."

3 You shouldn't open the gift in front of the person giving it. It's bad manners" You should put the present aside until after the friends leave your house.

4 Some things carry bad luck. You shouldn't buy these gifts:

- Straw sandals – people wear them in funerals;
- Clocks – the Cantonese word for 'clock' also means 'go to a funeral';
- Colors – white, blue and black are associated with funerals. Red, pink and yellow are joyful colors; they are associated with good luck, wealth and protection from evil;
- Sharp objects, such as knives and scissors – these symbolize the cutting off of a friendship;
- Handkerchiefs – we consider these a sign of sadness.

5 *Hong bao* is a gift of money in a red packet to bring good luck. Parents and grandparents usually give *hong bao* to their children at the New Year, or to the bride and groom at a wedding. We should always give an even amount of money, using an even number of new banknotes, as this brings good luck. It's also usual to give *hong bao* to employees.

(Adapted from GREENAL Simon. People like us: exploring cultural values and attitudes. Oxford : Macmillan, 2003, p. 36)

READING COMPREHENSION**1) Check (T) true or (F) false according to the text “Gift giving”:**

- a) (___) You have to bring a gift when you visit friends.
- b) (___) Giving an even number of gifts to friends when visiting them is a sign of good luck.
- c) (___) It's good and polite to open the gift in front of the person who gave it to you.
- d) (___) It's not good to give clocks as presents.
- e) (___) It's not good to give straw sandals as presents because they are cheap presents.

2) Write down two presents which could mean “good luck” and two presents which could mean “bad luck” in their culture.
GOOD LUCK: _____

BAD LUCK: _____

3) Complete the sentences with the most suitable connector from the box below.
There are TWO words you won't use.

AND	ALTHOUGH	BUT	THAT'S WHY	BECAUSE
-----	----------	-----	------------	---------

- a) You shouldn't open the gift in front of the person giving it _____it's bad manners"
- b) Giving a present when visiting friends is considered polite, _____ you should never give them presents which mean “bad luck”.
- c) _____it is difficult to know what presents can bring good or bad luck in a culture, it is normally considered a good habit.

4. Order the words to make questions:

- 1) give/ What presents/ do/ usually /to children/ you?

- 2) at Christmas? / Does /give /you /a present /your boss

- 3) you/ do/ usually/ on a present? /How much / spend

- 4) What presents/ you /on your last birthday? /did/ get

- 5) a flower /Have /you /ever/? given /to a man

- 6) an expensive present/ Have/ you /gotten? /ever

- 7) Are/ you/ a present/ buy/ in the next days?/ going to

- 8) going to /you /give/ a present /on Christmas/? Are /your boss

5. Answer the questions from exercise 4 about you:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____